



Polymers under Multiple Constraints

Polymer- & Soft-Matter-Seminar

Tuesday,
18th October
2016

at: 5.15pm

VDP4 1.27,
Von-
Danckelmann-
Platz 4,
06120 Halle

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"Single-Chain Polymer Nanoparticles: Models for Intrinsically Disordered Proteins and Soft Colloids"

Abstract: Single chain nanoparticles (SCNPs) are an emergent and promising class of synthetic nano-objects. By means of large-scale computer simulations and small-angle neutron scattering, we design and investigate different synthesis routes, leading to SCNPs with specific structures and different properties in solution. On one hand the analysis of the conformations of SCNPs synthesized in good solvent reveals that they share basic ingredients with intrinsically disordered proteins (IDPs), as topological polydispersity, generally sparse conformations, and locally compact domains. Unlike in the case of linear macromolecules, crowding leads to collapsed conformations of SCNPs resembling those of crumpled globules, at volume fractions (about 30 %) that are characteristic of crowding in cellular environments. Our results for SCNPs — a model system free of specific interactions — propose a general scenario for the effect of steric crowding on IDPs. On the other hand, dense solutions of globular SCNPs obtained via solvent-assisted routes exhibit soft caging, reentrant diffusivity and weak dynamic heterogeneity. Quantitative differences depend on the specific nanoparticle degree of compressibility, i.e. on the specific synthesis route adopted, as well as on the intrinsic topological polydispersity. This new class of soft colloids opens up the possibility of getting insight into the mechanisms of diffusion in crowded environments (like globular proteins in cells or porous media) as well as to draw new strategies for tailoring rheological properties of polymer based nano-materials.

